

Dr. George Habash at the refugee camps in the outskirts of Beirut or far away in Southern Lebanon. They used to take care of the sick but more importantly they held political discussions through the night with the front-rank refugees. Among the latter group was Ahmed al-Yamani, who subsequently became an outstanding leader in the ANM and its off-shoot the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine.

Wadi' Haddad worked with diligence and perseverance to show the Palestinian refugees that the battle against the enemy can and should be won through the combined effort of the Arabs. "The way to Tel Aviv", he used to tell them, "is through Damascus, Baghdad, Amman and Cairo." By stating the Strategy and tactics of the ANM in simple terms he was inducing the Palestinian refugees to assimilate their fortunes with the fortunes of the Arab masses and in fact was calling upon the Palestinians, who were in a state of disarray, to pull themselves together and to join the struggle with the Arab revolutionaries against the corrupt political order which was to blame in the first place for the loss of Palestine.

In its role of resistance leader, the Organization for Resisting Peace with Israel attracted to its ranks a large number of Palestinian refugees in Lebanon. These new recruits gave the Arab Nationalists the possibility of expounding their activities. At the same time the integration of the Palestinian refugees in the ANM brought into the