

the 1990s, the number of people who are employed in the service sector has increased in all countries. The increase is most pronounced in the United States, where the service sector has become the dominant sector of the economy.

The increase in the service sector has led to a decline in the manufacturing sector. This is due to a number of factors, including the increasing competition from developing countries, the increasing automation of manufacturing processes, and the increasing focus on research and development in the service sector. The decline in the manufacturing sector has led to a loss of jobs in this sector, which has contributed to the overall unemployment problem.

The increase in the service sector has also led to a change in the skills requirements for workers. In the service sector, workers are often required to have higher levels of education and training. This has led to a decline in the demand for workers with lower levels of education and training, which has contributed to the unemployment problem.

The increase in the service sector has also led to a change in the working conditions for workers. In the service sector, workers often work longer hours and have less job security than workers in the manufacturing sector. This has led to a decline in the overall quality of life for workers, which has contributed to the unemployment problem.

The increase in the service sector has also led to a change in the distribution of income. In the service sector, workers are often paid higher wages than workers in the manufacturing sector. This has led to a decline in the overall income inequality, which has contributed to the unemployment problem.

The increase in the service sector has also led to a change in the overall structure of the economy. In the service sector, there is a high level of innovation and growth. This has led to a decline in the overall economic growth, which has contributed to the unemployment problem.

The increase in the service sector has also led to a change in the overall social structure. In the service sector, there is a high level of social mobility. This has led to a decline in the overall social inequality, which has contributed to the unemployment problem.