Khalil.²⁹³ The (family's) residence was registered to his brother Ibrahim b. Khalil.²⁹⁴ Ibrahim also registered in his name 15 olive trees, two plots of fig trees, each of them containing four trees; and three plots of field-crop land, 22.5 dunams, 8 dunams, and 2 dunams, respectively. Their assessed value totaled 10,300 kuruş, and the residence was assessed at a value of 2,000 kuruş.²⁹⁵ Their other brother, Muhammad b. Khalil registered the vineyard property, three dunams in size, and two plots of field-crop land, one of them 48 dunams in size, and the other 6 dunams. The assessed value of these properties was 13,050 kuruş.²⁹⁶ Between the three of them they owned a property or properties in every category of Yatta's agricultural products.

Dura²⁹⁷

Dura, the most populous village in the Hebron district, was divided socio-geographically into two parts. Of the town's structures, 171 were registered to the Nammoura section of town, and 159 to the section called Awlād 'Isa, 'Isa being the father of the infamous, powerful and then-recently deceased Shaykh 'Abd al-Rahman 'Amr. Arriving from Hebron, one would travel through the Nammoura half of town to reach the Awlād 'Isa section.

In the vicinity of the village, villagers registered gardens ($h\bar{a}k\bar{u}ra$) and small plots of tarla. Beyond that, there were individually owned vineyards, gardens (bagces), and small and large

²⁹³ Esas-ı Emlak, Yatta musha entries # 9.

²⁹⁴ Ibid., residential entries #22. Their *hane* was valued at 2,000 kurus.

²⁹⁵ Ibid., tree entries # 85, 236, 250; non-musha *tarla* entries # 80, 82, 83.

²⁹⁶ Ibid., vineyard entries # 96; non-musha *tarla* entries # 108, 109.

²⁹⁷ Esas-ı Emlak entries # 7925-9839.