

Figure III:1

Basic Data on the Four Case Studies

<u>Data for</u>	<u>Ras el-Tin</u>	<u>Natufa</u>	<u>Marj Na'je</u>	<u>Zbeidat</u>
Topography	highland	highland	valley	valley
Agriculture	rain-fed	rain-fed	irrigated	irrigated
Population	1,400	2,800	250	620
Total cult. area	6,395d	6,335d	437d	688d
- of which irrig.	20d	35d	all	all
Dominant crops	olive, figs	olive, figs, wheat	vegetables	vegetables
Average plot	c20d	c22d	14.1d	5.2 + 7.1d (incl. lease)
Land surveyed?	no	yes	yes	yes
Land owned?	yes	yes	de facto	de facto
Tenancy	negligible	frequent	negligible	prevalent
Dominant tenure	owner-cult.	owner-cult.	owner-cult.	'mixed'
Agricult. techn.	fert., sprayers, tractors	fert., sprayers, tractors	drip. irrigation, tunnels, tractors, fert., sprayers	high
Peasant indebtness	low	negligible	high	seasonal
Emigration	high	very high	none	seasonal
Wage labour	very high	high	very low	seasonal
Standard of life	'poor'	'rich'	'poor'	'poor'
Source of data for case studies	SI, RI, MS, JS, IS, BZ, LR.	HS, RI, MS, JS, IS, BZ, LR.	RI, JS, IS, UNS, MAG, CS.	HS, SI, RI, JS, IS, UNS, MAG, CS.

Key for abbreviations:

HS : Household survey conducted by the author
 SI & RI : Structured and regular interviews
 MS : Official Statistics from the British Mandate
 JS : Official Statistics from the Jordanian period
 IS : Official Statistics from Israeli sources
 UNS : Data gathered by UNRWA (Beirut and Jerusalem)
 BZ : Birzeit University Village Data Bank
 MAG : Ministry of Agriculture data (Jericho Bureau)
 LR : Land Registry data (Ramallah Office)
 CS : Cadastral surveys